ROLE OF TOP EXECUTIVES

Experiences from the Danish Presidency

October 2012

Agenda

Learnings from the Danish Presidency



Reflections







Learnings from the Danish Presidency





Themes during the Danish Presidency

- The crisis' impact on human ressources
- Reforms in public administration
- Top Executives

The themes highlight some of the major challenges and new demands to Top Executives in the public administration

The crisis' impact on human ressources

Some initiatives

- Downsizing / redundancy
- Cutbacks in pay
- Recruitment freeze
- Unpaid leave
- Cuts in training and development
- Reduction in holiday allowances
- Decrease in overtime pay
- Prohibition of promotions

Some possible consequences

- Loss of expertise
- Fall in living standards and purchasing power,
- Low morale and motivation
- Loss of public competitiveness as an employer (insecurity)
- Increase of early retirement
- Slow economic recovery

How can the Top Executive best lead the public sector in an time of crisis with harsh austerity measures?

Reforms in public administration

A more effective and efficient public administration through modernization and innovation of the public services

- Organizational and task-oriented approach
- Trends in public administration reforms
- Challenges in implementation of reforms

Three focus areas for reforms:

- Performance management and austerity measures
- Citizen focus and involvement to enhance prioritization
- Digitalization and e-government to reduce cost.

Has the role of the Top Executive changed with the increased need for PA reforms and innovation of public services?

Emergent trends in PA reforms

Accountability for results (outputs)

Economic efficiency challenges

Citizens as consumers

IT supporting efficiency

- Accountability on longer-term results (outcomes)
- → Concern with broader societal challenges across organizations
- → Citizens as co-producers, coinnovators and co-creators
- → Digital governance profile (web 2.0. and social media)

Greve, Carsten (2011), Ideas in Public Management Reform for the 2010's

Has the required competencies of the Top Executive changed with the new trends and increased complexity of PA reforms?



The Role of the Top Executive





New challenges

 Top Executives are in positions where they are largely responsible for creating the framework for resolving national and global challenges.

Challenges:

- Time of crisis with harsh austerity measures
- Demands for efficiency and effectiveness (long term outcomes)
- Increasing complexity and broader societal challenges
- Increasing need of radical innovation of public services in partnership with employees, citizens and other partners

New role for the top executive?

The crisis heighten the demands for top executives that are able to create and ensure e.g.:

- Strategic priorities and result creation across the public sector.
- Collaboration and cross governmental knowledge sharing
- Policy advice and policy development to ensure effective implementation of reforms.
- Effective organizations with transparent and goal-oriented resource and economic management.
- Professional development of leaders and employees to enhance performance
- Motivation and innovation culture open to the public.

Reflections



Reflections on TE development in Denmark

- The development of TEs in Denmark follows a vision about a more collaborative public sector with increasingly cross governmental dynamics (mobility) and solutions
- The thesis is that professional top management is a prerequisite for an efficient and result oriented public sector

Strategic elements in recruitment and development of TPMs:

- Identify and develop talents
- Measure and develop performance
- Educate and increase mobility

Reflections on recruitment of TE's

Example on some criteria Denmark has used in the last couple of TE recruitments:

- Documentation of results as a manager
- Relevant portefolio experience
- Experience from a department or a political governed organization
- Experience and knowledge of financial management and/or management of a business
- Experience from other sectors or areas e.g.
 - Another ministry, a municipality, a region or private sector knowledge
 - Different levels of the steering chain e.g. policy formulation, service delivery, inspection, operation management or economy
 - International relations
 - Relevant training courses